Mayville, N.Y. May 1st 1891.

My dear Sir:

I was very glad to hear from you enent Murvale Eastman.

I am under obligations for your noticing the incongruent measure of damages in Kishu's case. It is curiously incorrect, and must have gone under my hand I think at some time when I was either in great haste or phenomencually dull. I sometimes get so mortal tired of a manuscript and proof that I am ready to let any blunder pass to be rid of the sight of it. I intended, of course, to say that he was responsible not only for the original price, but also for the subsequent enhancement, which is the rule in many States; is the later tendency, I think, and the only just measure of damages when the true owner recovers with the improvements, representing as it does the actual loss resulting from the failure of the guaranteed title.

As to the Courts, you partly misunderstand me. Of course, any professional man knows two things; first, that justice is a terribly costly commodity under any Anglo-Saxon system of judicature despite forma the first pauperis proceedings. Delays, appeals, new trials, costs and and off a minimum.

18gal services are more than any poor man can stand if a rich man individual seeks to make his right onerous to him. Second, we know that the laborer cannot afford to contend with the employer for rights. It means lack of employment and in many cases black-listing.

These evils in my epinion are growing in extent and character.

Take it in our State and a wealthy man or a rich corporation, if

willing to spend money, can make it a losing business for a man to

sue them for a \$1,000, unless it is an unusually plain case. I am
now of counsel in a case which has been pending since 1872, and once
decided an equity cause which had been litigated for 23 years. In
the county where I write a party—a poor woman who earns a liveli—
heed by singing—has been trying seculously to bring an action for
damages for false arrest made to seeme her from securing a more
profitable engagement, for at least six years and it is still untried. Such litigation is of course, costly to the rich, but ruinous
to the poor. I suppose you have recognized it in both directions a
and have advised the poor man to forego his right, and the rich man
to fight a just claim to establish a reputation as a bad man to sue.
I know I have done the former many times and presume I have the

As to what you term the remedies suggested, I did not mean them as remedies but only as practical ameliorations.

For your many kind words and thoughtful commendation, accept my thanks.

Very sincerely yours,

Cyrus Eddy Esq.
Johnstown, Pa.